

Abstract Submitted
for the DFD13 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Relation of Lagrangian structures and drifter dynamics in the Gulf of Mexico¹ CAROLINA MENDOZA, Universidad Politecnica de Madrid, ANA MARIA MANCHO, ICMAT, CSIC, STEPHEN WIGGINS, School of Mathematics, University of Bristol | We use a Lagrangian descriptor (the so called function M) which measures the length of particle trajectories on the ocean surface over a given interval of time [1,2,3]. With this tool we identify the Lagrangian skeleton of the flow and compare it on three datasets over the Gulf of Mexico during the year 2010. The satellite altimetry data used come from AVISO and simulations from HYCOM GOM0.04 experiments 30.1 and 31.0. We contrast the Lagrangian structure and transport using the evolution of several surface drifters. We show that the agreement in relevant cases between Lagrangian structures and dynamics of drifters depends on the quality of the data on the studied area.

- [1] C. Mendoza, A.M. Mancho. Phys. Rev. Lett. 105 (2010), 3, 038501.
- [2] C. Mendoza, A.M. Mancho. Nonlin. Proc. Geophys. 19 (4) (2012) 449-472.
- [3] A.M. Mancho, S. Wiggins, J. Curbelo, C. Mendoza. Commun. Nonlinear. Sci. Numer. Simul. 18 (2013) 3530-3557.

¹We acknowledge to the grants: Becas de Movilidad de Caja Madrid 2011, MTM2011-26696, ILINK-0145, ONR Grant Number N00014-01-1-0769 and ICMAT Severo Ochoa SEV-2011-0087

Carolina Mendoza
Universidad Politecnica de Madrid

Date submitted: 04 Aug 2013

Electronic form version 1.4